

# THE DAILY NEWS.

VOL. IX. NO. 16.

THE DAILY NEWS.

RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1876.

THE DAILY NEWS.

PRICE: FIVE CENTS.

FERTILIZERS.  
THE STAR AMMONIATED SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE



In the World.

The Best Fertilizer

We have concluded after mature deliberation to sell

THE STAR PHOSPHATE

again this season, for \$00 pounds of middling Cotton, deliverable on or before November 1st, 1876, or for \$7.50, payable on or before May 1st, 1876. We now assure our friends that on account of the scarcity of Cotton, we are compelled to sell at a loss, and that on account of the price of Guano, but in consideration of past favors, we are willing to run the risk of making a small profit this season, besides it seems to be the universal opinion among Farmers that the price of Guano ought to be governed by the price of cotton.

THE STAR

still retains its high and undiluted standard. WE SELL NOTHING BUT FIRST-CLASS FERTILIZERS.

We are also agents for MAPES' NITROGENIZED SUPER PHOSPHATE

LIME. This is comparatively a new Fertilizer to our Farmers, but calling at our store for a pamphlet with testimonials. Farmers will soon know what we are selling.

We refer to such men, who have used our Fertilizers, as

R. J. Avery, Wake county,  
O. G. Rand, Johnston county,  
B. Allord, Harnett county,  
Preston, Harnett county,  
J. A. Poe, Chatham county,  
C. C. Mann, Orange county,  
R. H. Atwater,  
W. M. Thomas,  
J. Johnson, Alamance county, and many others whose experience is very flattering.

FOR SALE BY

A. C. SANDERS & CO.

P O P P L E I N  
SILICATED SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

Analysis of Cotton Fertilizer, drawn and analyzed by direction of Professor W. C. Kirby,  
State Geologist:

Soluble Phosphoric Acid..... 6.5% Equivalent to Bone Phosphate..... 15.7%  
Precipitated " " " 0.25% " " " 0.5%  
Potash..... 8.65% Sulphate Potash..... 6.7%  
Magnesia..... 1.17% Argusite 6.6%

We have been unable to find a single case in the tests made in Maryland and elsewhere, last year, where any Fertilizer, even including Peruvian Guano and Stable Manure, was equal to ours. We are sending samples to all.

We do not believe in one Patent Medicine for all diseases, nor in one Fertilizer for all crops.

The Formula is altered according to analysis of the plant to which it's to be applied. A different compound is made for cereals, for Cotton, for Tobacco, for Truck, &c.

G. & N. POPPLEIN, Jr., 35 Hanover Street, Balt., Md.

RHODES' SUPER PHOSPHATE.

We are now selling RHODES' STANDARD AMMONIATED SUPER-PHOSPHATE,

Prepared Expressly for Cotton!

Showing endorsement of Baron Justus Von Liebig and other great Chemists of Europe and this country, also of the leading medical and agricultural journals of the United States.

The United States Government has granted, in return for the discovery of the new ingredient

INTUSORIA OR VEGETABLE SILICA

the sole right to use for 17 years.

We do not believe in one Patent Medicine for all diseases, nor in one Fertilizer for all crops.

The Formula is altered according to analysis of the plant to which it's to be applied. A different compound is made for cereals, for Cotton, for Tobacco, for Truck, &c.

G. & N. POPPLEIN, Jr., 35 Hanover Street, Balt., Md.

R. J. FONES & CO., Wholesale Liquor Dealers, Wilmington street, Raleigh, N. C.

ja 27-D&W3m

K U R E K A ! E U R E K A ! !

ja 26-1f

EUREKA!

ja 2

## THE DAILY NEWS

The Official Organ of the City.

SATURDAY..... MARCH 18, 1876.

JOHN D. CAMERON,..... Editor

THE RALEIGH NEWS.

POSTED IN THE NEWS BUILDING,

No. 5, Martin Street.

TERMS:

ADVERTISING RATES.—For square (ten lines, nonpareil) first insertion \$1.00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents. No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.00.

Contracts for advertisements of any space or time can be made at the NEWS counting-rooms.

CONTRACTORS will positively not be allowed to exceed their space, or advertise other than their legitimate business, except by paying specially for the same.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.—Daily, one year, \$5.00; six months, \$3.00; three months, \$2.00. Weekly, one year, \$1.00; six months, 75 cents. Invariably in advance.

THE DAILY NEWS is the largest daily newspaper in the State—the only paper in Raleigh that receives the Telegraphic Reports, and the leading advertising medium in North Carolina.

THE WEEKLY NEWS is the cheapest paper published in North Carolina. It contains 40 columns of plain printed news from every section of the country, and is edited with special reference to the farmland and industrial classes of the country.

CIRCULATION.

THE DAILY NEWS has the largest daily circulation in the State, and over double the circulation of any other daily in Raleigh, although but half as large.

THE combined circulation of the Daily and Weekly News is nearly 5,000, and reaches more readers than any other paper in North Carolina.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

We cannot accept anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot, under any circumstances, return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

THE DIFFERENCE.

The Sentinel of the 13th in reference to the Howerton matter says :

"We hear rumors of the charges against Mr. Howerton over a month before the appearance of the letter in the Petersburg Index from a correspondent in this city, but did not think that we would be justified in giving them publicity upon such slight foundation. Even now nothing is absolutely fixed upon Dr. Howerton, and in reproducing the letter, the Sentinel was careful to disclaim any endorsement of the charges contained in it."

The public will be struck with the caution and tenderness displayed towards a Republican offender, and the pertinacious assaults upon so-called Democratic rings, involving the integrity of a Democratic Legislature. The inference will not be hard to draw. On which side is "honest Joe"? Even the Republicans insist that the charges are true. Only the Sentinel palliates or defends.

THE COMBINED ASSAULT UPON THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

The Republicans have opened the campaign with one of those sudden surprises which an active enemy often finds effective. They struck down—as they think—the accredited head of the Democratic organization, and dragged him off a prisoner to appear before a government tribunal at Wilmington. They instituted a suit against one of the chief organs of the Democratic party, laying damages hoped to be ruinous, expecting in the outset to silence the voice of the press. They conspired with one of the Democratic papers, long in the confidence of the party, hoping to bring confusion, diversion and ruin upon the party.

But North Carolinians are not readily frightened; a free press is not easily stifled, and treachery does not always find its reward. A purging of the party from the last, and a bold resentment of the other will give the party the strength it must have to gain the victory.

STATE CONVENTION.

We are glad to see that the Wilmington Journal not only approves the place at which the Convention is appointed to be held, but gives a more than cordial endorsement to the time at which it is to be called, and we give that noble journal the full benefit of its expressions upon the subject:

"The time of holding the Convention regarded as a matter of the very highest importance, if not the most important, to the State Convention to nominate the various county candidates; district Conventions must also be held to nominate candidates for Congress; so that from this on politics in one shape or another will be the constant subject of thought and conversation. The 4th of July ought and doubtless will find us with all our candidates in the field, and ready for the work of the campaign, in between now and November, will be no child's play. It will be work for grown men, and we may as well make up our minds to the fact just as fast. We can win if we will, but not by supineness."

and inaction; and, too, we must work hard, and not leave it all to our neighbors. There are too many among us we fear who hold themselves to be too dainty and nice to do the hard, rough work of the campaign, but who do not hold themselves either too dainty or too nice to share either the honors or the emoluments of the follow victory. To all of us we leave to you to furnish in. Go to work.

The action of the Committee on yesterday we look upon as of hopeful angry and inspiring us with renewed ardor. Men never before entered a campaign with as many and such effective weapons in their hands as do the Democrats to-day.

YESTERDAY morning, commenting on the resolution of the State Executive Committee calling for harmony between the News and the Sentinel we used the following language: "If it (harmony) is broken, then, the party may be assured that the first disturber is influenced less by party interest than individual purposes, and then we shall feel released, if the occasion comes, from obligation to silence." The occasion did come before the paper went to press, involving the apparent inconsistency of obedience to the behests of the committee, and of renewal of strife. But the public will recognize our justification. The Sentinel ignored absolutely the resolution of the Committee, showing its determination not to heed any proposition looking to the good of the party. It went further; it eagerly and against good counsel, gave place to the libellous card of Mr. Howerton, the Secretary of State. It thus became party to the deadly assaults upon the News and it became party to the defense of a transaction charged to be corrupt and which it was the bounden duty of every good citizen to ferret to the bottom. If the Democratic press is not united to unearth a rascality that is founded upon charges made by the political friends of the accused, when can the party and the people of North Carolina ever look for deliverance? But Mr. Turner has chosen to array himself among the defenders of dishonesty and associate himself with the practitioners of public crime. It would be folly for him any longer to assume to speak for any but himself and his new associates.

The party is in no condition to fight at the same time open enemies and secret foes. And the position taken by Mr. Turner in this matter scarcely entitles him to the moderate appellation of secret foe, since it places him side by side with those against whom the best interests of the State, and of the party are arrayed.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

The Secretary of State is charged making out accounts for stationery purchased for the State in a mode by which the accounts, if passed at his own figures, would have put a private profit of many hundred dollars into his own pocket, but which accounts, having to pass under the scrutiny of the Auditor as well as of the Governor and a committee of experts, failed to be allowed. Is the guilt any less because it was fruitless? Is an attempt at criminality less flagrant because it was frustrated?

The exposure came, as it must necessarily have come, through the Secretary's own political friends. In their hands were all the secrets of the State, and if they had so chosen, the public would never have been the wiser. Combinations among officials, if fraud and peculations were kept concealed for mutual interest and protection have been the result of those in the in the National Administration by which such a tremendous burden has been accumulated upon the heads of the people, and the country plunged into such inextricable disgrace. The same thing has happened in North Carolina. It might have happened again but for an exceptional honor among the other officials of the State Government. It matters very little whether they are personal enemies or not of the Secretary. If they are, it argues strongly against the personal character of that they were influenced by better motives; that they were actuated by a feeling of their own responsibility, and that they would not cloak that, which if concealed, might in the future react upon their own fortunes and characters. This is the low estimate of their motives. We prefer to give them credit for loftier ones.

Taking the testimony then of Mr. Reilly, Gov. Brodgen and the committee, Mr. Howerton has by a suit against the News invited a damaging scrutiny into his own transactions. Prudence would have counseled submission or explanation, not bluster and intimidation. They will not avail either to silence the News, or to vindicate the fame of the Secretary. The letter which we designed to publish, but which appeared in the *Sentinel*, the same

day it was offered to us has already been answered on three of the charges made implicating the News, so effectually that they will hardly be repeated. The charge that Col. Clark proposed any bargain for the publication of the annual insurance statement he pointedly denies. The charge that the stockholders of the News combined to present a fictitious list of subscribers to the News, Mr. Jordan, the manager, also pointedly denies, and Mr. Geo. B. Elkins also pointedly denies that any one connected with the News ever influenced him, or even knew of his purpose to give information of the transactions to the Petersburg *Index Appeal*. These are questions of veracity between these two gentlemen and the Secretary. It is not difficult to say to which side the popular verdict will lie. And thus the Secretary makes a bad beginning in his suit for damages. His side issues, upon which he lays so much stress, break down at once, and his main assault will be calculated to bring courts and justice into contempt?

The judges and the result of the motion might be that the prisoner might have to go to jail.

Mr. Strong moved his Honor [Associate Justice Settle] that the sheriff of Alamance be instructed to state in return to the writ of habeas corpus that at the time it was served, the prisoner was at the bar of Alamance Superior Court to answer to a bill of indictment for murder.

The court said the purpose of such a motion was to ascertain whether the sheriff had moved to the court to the count in session. Thus he thought due to the dignity of the judiciary of the State which he had always sought to protect and defend. He said it would afford opportunities for facile and pliant judges to interfere to protect their favorites and friends from the application of the law. Under such pretenses a Judge in Cherokee or Pasquotank, after days had been spent in taking testimony and hearing argument from counsel, and even after the charge of the judge and while the jury were out considering their verdict, the prisoner could be *habeas corpus*, be spirited away and thus prevent the jury from returning with a verdict to the court from final or further action in the case. When he asked, could be better calculated to bring courts and justice into contempt?

The judges said the result of the motion might be that the prisoner might have to go to jail.

Mr. Strong: That would be nothing new in the history of criminal jurisprudence. He had known before this person to get out of trouble he had been found for murder to himself in the four walls of a dungeon.

The judge refused the motion. Counsel for the prisoner then proposed to go into the evidence.

Mr. Strong objected, that after a bill is found murder the court should not even hear the evidence, but remand the prisoner; and in support of this view he spoke with convincing effect upon all his hearers, except the Judge, the prisoner and his counsel.

The judges were unanimous in their opinion that the bill should stand, and the trial proceed.

MORE OFFICIAL FRAUD.

The Secretary of State Accused of Swindling.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 12.—The Radical party in North Carolina is particularly unfortunate so far as the honesty of its leading members are concerned. John T. Dewees of the Fourth District was dismissed while a member of Congress, for selling a bill to which it was charged he added a clause which he had not introduced, and it was asserted that Dr. Wm. H. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught swindling the poor taxpayers by overcharging from thirty to forty per cent, for stationery purchased in New York.

Some time ago, before Howerton was elected Secretary of State, the law required that official to advertise to let the stationery contract to the lowest bidder. He had this law changed, and himself empowered to purchase goods for use in his department at his own price. It seems that these goods are purchased of firms in New York, and that Dr. Howerton, the Republican Secretary of State, and one of the chief leaders of the party in North Carolina, has been caught sw

**THE DAILY NEWS.**

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1876.

**AGRICULTURAL.**

Agricultural Chemistry and Geology.

Q. Of what substance do the different kinds of grain usually consist?

A. They consist chiefly of three substances, starch, gluten, and oil or fat.

Q. What proportion of each of these usually exist in wheat?

A. One hundred pounds of wheat contain about 50 pounds of starch, 10 pounds of gluten, and two or three pounds of oil.

Q. In what proportion do they exist in oats?

A. One hundred pounds of oats containing about 60 pounds of starch, 15 pounds of gluten and 6 pounds of oil.

Q. What do potatoes and turnips principally consist of?

A. Their principal constituent is water.

Q. How much water is contained in 100 lbs of potatoes?

A. One hundred pounds of potatoes contain 95 lbs. of water.

Q. How much water is contained in 100 pounds of turnips?

A. One hundred pounds of turnips contain about 80 pounds of water.

Q. What quantity of starch do potatoes contain?

A. One hundred pounds of potatoes contain from 15 to 20 lbs. of starch.

Q. Are these proportions of starch, gluten & oil always the same in the grain crop?

A. No. Some varieties of wheat contain more gluten than others, and some varieties of potatoes more starch than others.

Q. Have the soil and climate any influence upon the proportion of the ingredients?

A. Yes. The wheat of warm climates is said to contain more gluten, and the potatoes and barley grow upon light or well drained, more starchy soil.

Q. What grain or potatoes are turned to when they leave any organic matter or ash?

A. Yes, they all leave a small quantity of ash when burned.

Q. Of what does this ash consist?

A. It consists of potash, soda, lime and magnesia, of common salt, and other saline substances.—Professor Johnson.

A few reasons why Land Should be Improved.

More can be cultivated with the same hands because tilled with less hard labor.

Briers and shrubs disappear, grasses appear.

Cattle damage the land and grass less, because they do not have to tramp so great a space to fill themselves.

Less land required.

Less fencing.

Less trotting after cows and horses.

Less work at the smith's shop.

Fewer whips worn out.

Stronger teams,

More manure and less need for it.

A stimulus to action.

A protection against winter's frosts and summer's heats.

A good example to children and neighbors.

No noise of sheriff's and buzzards.

Stop emigration.

Produces money for books, and time for reading.

Also school houses and churches.

Produces time for travel, to lecture on economy and preach the gospel.

Produces sociability and hospitality.

Makes a paradise of a barren, plenty of poverty, and a blessing out of a curse.

The barn is filled, the dairy is filled, the purse is filled, and the soul is filled with gratitude.

If the reader will reflect, he will discover that the number of good reasons why the farmer should improve his land is almost innumerable.—From an old paper of 1804.

Rules for Milking.

The following rules are issued from a New York cheese factory for the use of its patrons and are worthy of a wider dissemination:

1. Milk cows should have free access at all times to good running water.

2. They should never be heated, by being run, stoned or dogged.

3. The utmost cleanliness should be observed in milking, and by no means wet the hands in the milk while milking.

4. No can of milk should stand where it will absorb the barnyard or stable odor, or any other scent.

5. The milk should be strained and well aired, immediately after having been drawn from the cow.

6. Some arrangement for effectually cooling is at all times very desirable, and when the milk is kept at home over night, is indispensable.

7. Sealing all vessels used about milk at least once a day with boiling water, and rinsing with cold water at night, is essential.

How a Farmer Raises Bacon.

Early in the season I planted an acre of good productive land in pickled peas. These I cultivated well. As soon as the peas began to ripen I turned my hogs upon them for an hour or so every morning. I never saw hogs improve so fast in weight. This pea patch together with the pasture after the corn crop had been harvested last year I could open a field where the corn had been gathered. After pastures peas, potatoes etc., had been eaten out, I put my fattening hogs upon corn for a short time. The result was that instead of being as I feared in the first part of the spring, short of meat for three years, better meat never entered my life.

When bacon can be raised so easily and at so little a cost, is it not strange that so many smoke-houses upon the farms of the South are empty one-half of the year?

Tobacco Fixtures.

Wrought Iron Work, Brass and Iron Casting, Machinery of every description, &c. April 1st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOENIX DISINFECTANT.

(The Best and Cheapest Deodorizer)

INSTANTLY STOPS

BAD SMELLS AND NOXIOUS GASES

CHEAP AND DURABLE TRY IT.

LUMBER!! LUMBER!!

Agency 78, William St., New York.

mar 15-16.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

\$12 A DAY AT HOME! Agents wanted, outfit and terms. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

A FARM OF YOUR OWN IS THE BEST REMEDY FOR

HARD TIMES!

FREE HOMESTEADS

—AND THE—

Best and Cheapest Railroad Land

ARE ON THE LINE OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

IN NEBRASKA.

SECURE A HOME NOW. Full information sent on application. Address O. F. PAVIS, Land Commissioner, U. S. P. R. C., Cheyenne, Neb. feb 21.

MIND READING, PSYCHOLOGY, FASCINATION, SOUL MASTERSHIP, and MARSHAL GUIDE, show how you may fascinate and gain the love and affection of any person they choose instantly. 300 pages. By Mayne Hunt & Co., 139 S. 7th St., Philadelphia.

\$77 PER WEEK guaranteed to Agents, or Females in their own localities. ZEPHYRUS, 139 S. 7th St., Philadelphia. Address P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

FITS AND EPILEPSY Y

POSITIVELY CURED.

The worst cases of the longest standing, by using

DR. HEBARD'S CURE.

It Has Cured Thousands,

and will give \$100 for a case I will not

mention. A bottle sent free to all address

J. E. DIBBLEE, Chemist, Office:

333 Broadway, N. Y.

Ten years ago Messrs. Geo. P. well & Co. established their advertising agency in New York City. Five years ago they absorbed the business conducted by Mr. Hooper, who was the first to go into this kind of enterprise. Now they have the satisfaction of controlling the most extensive and complete advertising concern which has ever been secured, and one which would be hardly possible in any other country but this. They have succeeded in working down a complex business into so thoroughly a systematic method that no change in the newspaper system of America can escape notice, while the advertising upon all topics interesting to advertisers is placed readily at the disposal of the public.

New York Times, June 14, '75.

LOTTERIES.

Make Your Fortune.

GRAND GOLDEN DRAWING

OF THE

LOUISIANA

STATE LOTTERY

(Incorporated 1868).

SE P A R K P L O W,

And several others, and are prepared to furnish the trade at low figures. We are agents for the celebrated

At the N. C. State Fair, 1874, our HOPE ENGINE received the

GOLD MEDAL

as the best steam Engine for general use, and the

SILVER MEDAL

as the best vertical Engine.

We refer to the following parties who have our Hope Engine in use: Wm. G. Upchurch, Upchurch & Thomas, Raleigh, N. C.; Col. A. W. Shaffer, Commissioner in Bankruptcy, Raleigh, N. C.; Messrs. Farmer & Co., Goldsboro, N. C.; R. E. Best, Green county, N. C.; J. C. Wooten, Jr., Winston, N. C.

We manufacture

the best

HOPE ENGINE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

THE HOPE ENGINE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

**THE DAILY NEWS IS THE ONLY PAPER IN RALEIGH THAT THE TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS, AND IS THE ONLY ONE THAT FURNISHES THE LATEST NEWS AND MARKET REPORTS.**

### NOON DISPATCHES.

Washington Gossips.

**WASHINGTON.**—March 17.—Witnesses have come up who admit receiving \$200,000, \$300,000 and 10,000 dollars for their personal influence with the Secretary of the Navy to secure payment of old claims. No part of these fees reached the Secretary or members of his family. The Committee may convict the Secretary of bad conduct in transactions with Wallin in gun bursting experiments involving the use of at least 72,000 dollars of government money. The District Attorney Dyer, ex-Senator Henderson, Col. Broadhead, and others will be summoned by the Committee to testify regarding Babcock's abstraction of official papers. Kilburn will succumb, and the investigation will cover Grants purchase of property from members of the pool organized by Belmont Judge, Maconthor of the Supreme District Court and Congressmen Elbridge are involved.

Secretary Boutwell during his administration ordered a subordinate to balance a discrepancy of 200,000-\$000 found in the books. Half a million was expended for the benefit of mail contractors on one long and apparently useless mission in Montana during Col. Elbridge's administration. The settlement of the Republican cause yesterday was for a fight over the reduction 10 per cent of force and 20 in pay also against any reduction in consular and diplomatic bill already passed the House. General Peck will testify that four traders were taken from him and given to persons more or less connected with the Ring.

### A Big Suit.

**NEW YORK.**—March 17.—A suit has been brought in the Supreme Court of this State by the Union consolidated Mining Co. of Tennessee against Julius E. Raft, its former superintendent, charging him with defrauding the company to the tune of 30 years out of \$275,000 dollars and charging his brother Charles Raft and his wife, the Misses Tomlinson, as he marched through Georgia. They came to intercede for their brothers who had been captured.

Hard times in California. A Chicago plasterer writes from San Francisco he has done a day's work and that a great many bricklayers and carpenters have nothing in the world to do.

The boys in Salem all wear pistols. The first duty of a town Mayor is to disarm all the grown cowards who are caught wearing pistols by fining them severely and making them work it out in the streets; and as for little boys caught at it, if their parents do not dress them off, let the law have them well paddled.

Peter Morton in Alison county now has a blacksmith and a blacksmith but his words will do no good up in a frame by the side of George Washington and others. While he saw his blacksmith shop burning up he turned and remarked to a friend: "I'll be up me shelter and work on till I can build me a bigger shop."

Some years ago as a wild horse dashed up street in Richmond with a lovely young girl on his back, people holding their breath, and the young lady almost insensible from fright, poor horse driver as the horse rushed against the horses he was driving sprang forward and driving his friend into the river from destruction into the boot of his back. We remember reading the account and felt for the nonce like going on the street and embracing every hack driver we met. To-day we read in the Richmond Daily Dispatch of a poor man's funeral in Richmond. There we're not surprised to find that it was the body of a negro hack driver and the negro sexton. About two dozen persons were present and among them was a stylish young woman with a beautiful cross of flowers in her hand. People wondered what she meant. As the coffin was brought out she crossed over to the dead man. She lay the sandal on his feet. She laid down her duty. We trust the world will persevere in heroic deeds of this sort. The earthly reward is encouraging: "Throw a flower at his corpse; he did me a favor."

Sweet repose enjoyed by those who take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It soothes disturbed feelings brought on by a cold, and positively cures coughs, sore throats etc.

**PARIS.**—March 17.—The Seine and Marne are both higher than yesterday. The plain from Maisons is afflo to Villeneuve St. Georges and is one immense lake. Boats traverse valley from Villeneuve to Choisy-le-Roi. Senators and deputies representing Paris have voluntarily devoted two months the salary to the relief of the sufferers. Five hundred houses were abandoned on Wednesday at Nogent Sur Marne.

### MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

The Spencer Investigation.

**WASHINGTON.**—March 17.—The Spencer investigation was taken up to-day by the Senate committee on Privileges and Elections. John J. Moton was the only witness examined in every material point. He swore directly to the reverse of his deposition before the Alabama investigating committee; admitted that he signed the original deposition which he signed under oath, that it had been read to him, or that he knew its contents, and accused the Alabama committee of having garbled and misstated his evidence in every essential particular. He admitted that he had been appointed Deputy Internal Revenue Collector at Mobile under Lou H. Mayer since his deposition was seen by the Alabama committee. He stated in explanation that the members of the Alabama committee were well known gentlemen of good repute. The investigation will be resumed to-morrow.

**LONDON MERCANTILE ASSOCIATION;**—London, March 17.—The regular weekly circular of the Liverpool Cotton Broker's Association last evening says the increase of business last week has been followed by an extensive demand throughout the port, and though the tone was quiet to-day Thursday, the market has further advanced considerably. American description has been largely requested. Prices advanced from one-eighth to one-fourth.

St. Patrick's Day in New York.

**NEW YORK.**—March 17.—A grand demonstration in honor of St. Patrick's day—about thirty thousand in the procession, reviewed by Cardinal McClosky, also by Mayor Common Council.

Storm in the Northwest.

**CHICAGO.**—March 17.—Telegrams throughout the North West indicate a two days storm, ending last night; most widely extended for a long time. No casualties reported.

### Comparative Cotton Statement.

**NEW YORK.**—March 17.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the six days ending March 17th:

Receipts at all U. S. ports,	65,192
Same week last year	57,039
Total to date	3,681,946
Same date last year	3,904,867
Exports for the week	85,387
Same week last year	24,037
Total to date	2,043,617
Stock at all U. S. ports	1,376,799
Same time last year	703,827
Stock at all interior towns	760,790
Same week last year	114,330
Stock at Liverpool	802,000
Same week last year	678,000
American export for Great Britain	672,000
Last year	309,000

### VARIETIES.

Cordial McClosky is seriously ill.

Col. J. C. Luck has retired from the Danville News.

Hon. W. M. Robbins delivers the annual address at Wake Forest next June.

E. C. Clemmons in Asheville has twenty mail routes for the next four years.

Mr. Deems lectures in the Monumental church at Portsmouth next Tuesday.

Miss Rebecca Bohm in Norfolk attempted suicide by cutting the arteries of her wrist.

The first coast line telegram was sent to Washington from Wilmington last Tuesday.

Bishop Marvin will spend Sunday the 26th in Richmond in returning from the censal.

A storm in Forsyth county the 7th instant unroofed houses and blew down fences and trees.

J. Randal Brown is mind reading in Richmond and of course draws crowded houses from the vast course of people in that city who have no minds.

Balknap first saw the two sisters he married, the Misses Tomlinson, as he marched through Georgia. They came to intercede for their brothers who had been captured.

Hard times in California. A Chicago plasterer writes from San Francisco he has done a day's work and that a great many bricklayers and carpenters have nothing in the world to do.

The boys in Salem all wear pistols. The first duty of a town Mayor is to disarm all the grown cowards who are caught wearing pistols by fining them severely and making them work it out in the streets; and as for little boys caught at it, if their parents do not dress them off, let the law have them well paddled.

Peter Morton in Alison county now has a blacksmith and a blacksmith but his words will do no good up in a frame by the side of George Washington and others. While he saw his blacksmith shop burning up he turned and remarked to a friend: "I'll be up me shelter and work on till I can build me a bigger shop."

Some years ago as a wild horse dashed up street in Richmond with a lovely young girl on his back, people holding their breath, and the young lady almost insensible from fright, poor horse driver as the horse rushed against the horses he was driving sprang forward and driving his friend into the river from destruction into the boot of his back. We remember reading the account and felt for the nonce like going on the street and embracing every hack driver we met. To-day we read in the Richmond Daily Dispatch of a poor man's funeral in Richmond. There we're not surprised to find that it was the body of a negro hack driver and the negro sexton. About two dozen persons were present and among them was a stylish young woman with a beautiful cross of flowers in her hand. People wondered what she meant. As the coffin was brought out she crossed over to the dead man. She laid down her duty. We trust the world will persevere in heroic deeds of this sort. The earthly reward is encouraging: "Throw a flower at his corpse; he did me a favor."

Sweet repose enjoyed by those who take Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. It soothes disturbed feelings brought on by a cold, and positively cures coughs, sore throats etc.

**OFFICE DAILY AND WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.**—Newspaper Office, 17th Street, N. Y., 1875.

CHARLES ROOT, Notary Public.

Correct—ATTEST: W. H. BAILEY, W. G. UPCHURCH, Directors.

D. M. CARTER, mar 18-19

**OLD BACON HAMS.**

OLD BACON SIDES,

OLD BACON SHOULDER,

SUGAR CURED HAMS,

SUGAR CURED STRIPS,

CORNED HAMS,

CORNED SIDES,

CORNED SHOULDER,

CORNED HOG JOWL,

VIRGINIA HAMS,

N. C. HAMS,

HAM SAUSAGE,

BROILING BEEF,

COMPRESSED BEEF,

COMPRESSED TONGUE,

PLUM PUDDING,

MINCE MEAT,

APPLE BUTTER,

PEACH BUTTER,

DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES,

PIE APPLES AND PEACHES,

W. C. & A. B. STRONACH.

JUST RECEIVED THIS DAY.

100 Bbls. Irish Potatoes—Choice Stock

Price, \$3.00 per barrel.

J. M. MONIE.

JUST RECEIVED THIS DAY.

50 Bbls. Choice Apples, which will be closed out at low figures.

J. M. MONIE.

**HUMPHREY HOUSE.**

GREGORY & FREEMAN,

Proprietors.

GOLDSBORO, N. C.

Table supplied with all the delicacies of the season.

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,**

Strings and Trimmings for Banjos, Gui-

tas and Violins.

BROWN'S Variety Store,

Holmes Building.

**STEP LAPLADERS,**

Cloth Bows, Broomas, Baskets, Nursey

Chairs, Counter and Feather Dusters, Brit-

tina and Coco Dippers, at

BROWN'S Variety Store.

**PISTOLS, BOWIE AND**

Revolvers, Perfume, Work Boxes

Writing Paper, Envelopes, Ink,

Muslin, Bird Cage, Bills, Bills, etc.

BROWN'S Variety Store

"NEWS"

BOOK BINDERY.

LARGEST IN THE STATE.

JOHN ARMSTRONG,

Superintendent.

PISTOLS, BOWIE AND

Revolvers, Perfume, Work Boxes

Writing Paper, Envelopes, Ink,

Muslin, Bird Cage, Bills, Bills, etc.

BROWN'S Variety Store

Storm in the Northwest.

CHICAGO, March 17.—Telegrams throughout the North West indicate a two days storm, ending last night; most widely extended for a long time. No casualties reported.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE COUNTRY.**—To the Citizens' National Bank of Raleigh, N. C., at the close of business, March 10th, 1876.

### RESOURCES:

Loans and discounts,	\$ 330,914
Overdrafts,	\$ 8,450
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	100,000
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	150,000
Due from approved reserve agent,	55,945
Due from National Bank of Raleigh,	17,620
Due from State Banks and Banks cr.,	4,912
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	116,984
Current expenses and taxes paid	5,588
Checks and other cash items...	5,941
Bills of other National Banks,	4,025
Fractional Currency, including nickel,	493
Specie, (including gold treasury note),	1,911
Interest notes, etc.	44,900
Total...	\$1,267,650

### LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in,	\$400,000
Surplus Fund,	32,000
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	150,000
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	150,000
Due from approved reserve agent,	55,945
Due from National Bank of Raleigh,	17,620
Due from State Banks and Banks cr.,	4,912
Real estate, furniture, and fixtures,	116,984
Current expenses and taxes paid	5,588
Checks and other cash items...	5,941
Bills of other National Banks,	4,025
Fractional Currency, including nickel,	493
Specie, (including gold treasury note),	1,911
Interest notes, etc.	44,900
Total...	\$1,267,650

### LIABILITIES:

All liabilities including full re-insurance Reserved...	\$10,600
Surplus...	111,818
Interest due and accrued...	944
Total...	\$130,327

</